

Tabla de reglas de derivación más usuales:

Función	Derivada
$f(x) = k$	$f'(x) = 0$
$f(x) = x$	$f'(x) = 1$
$f(x) = x^n$	$f'(x) = n \cdot x^{n-1}$
$f(x) = \ln x$	$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x}$
$f(x) = \log_a x$	$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x \ln a}$
$f(x) = a^x$, con $a \in \mathbb{R}^+$	$f'(x) = a^x \cdot \ln a$
$f(x) = \operatorname{sen} x$	$f'(x) = \cos x$
$f(x) = \cos x$	$f'(x) = -\operatorname{sen} x$
$f(x) = \operatorname{tg} x$	$f'(x) = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} = 1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 x = \sec^2 x$
$f(x) = \operatorname{arc} \operatorname{sen} x$	$f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$
$f(x) = \operatorname{arc} \cos x$	$f'(x) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$
$f(x) = \operatorname{arc} \operatorname{tg} x$	$f'(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$

REGLAS DE DERIVACIÓN

Cada una de las siguientes reglas se cumple siempre que las funciones sean derivables en a .

Derivada de la función suma:

$$(f + g)'(a) = f'(a) + g'(a)$$

Derivada de la función producto:

$$(f \cdot g)'(a) = f(a) \cdot g'(a) + f'(a) \cdot g(a)$$

Derivada de la función producto por un número real:

$$g(x) = k \cdot f(x), \text{ entonces } g'(a) = k \cdot f'(a)$$

Derivada de la función cociente, con $g(a) \neq 0$:

$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)'(a) = \frac{f'(a) \cdot g(a) - f(a) \cdot g'(a)}{(g(a))^2}$$

Regla de la cadena

Derivada de la composición de funciones, con f derivable en $g(a)$.

$$(f \circ g)'(a) = f'(g(a)) \cdot g'(a)$$

EJERCICIOS DE DERIVACIÓN

	$f(x)$	$f'(X)$
1	$f(x) = 3$	$f'(x) = 0$
2	$f(x) = x + \pi$	$f'(x) = 1 + 0 = 1$
3	$f(x) = 5x - 2$	$f'(x) = 5 \cdot 1 - 0 = 5$
4	$f(x) = x^2 + 3x + 4$	$f'(x) = 2x^1 + 3 \cdot 1 + 0 = 2x + 3$
5	$f(x) = 3x^2 - 10x + 2$	$f'(x) = 3 \cdot 2x^1 - 10 \cdot 1 + 0 = 6x - 10$
6	$f(x) = 5x^6 + \frac{3}{4}x^4 - 2x^3 + x$	$f'(x) = 5 \cdot 6x^5 + \frac{3}{4} \cdot 4x^3 - 2 \cdot 3x^2 + 1 = 30x^5 + 3x^3 - 6x^2 + 1$
7	$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x^2}$	$f'(x) = \frac{2}{3}x^{-\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{2}{3\sqrt[3]{x}}$
8	$f(x) = \frac{2}{3}x^2 + \frac{5x^4}{7} + \sqrt[5]{x^2}$	$f'(x) = \frac{2}{3} \cdot 2x^{2-1} + \frac{5 \cdot 4x^{4-1}}{7} + \frac{2}{5}x^{\frac{-3}{5}} = \frac{4}{3}x + \frac{20x^3}{7} + \frac{2}{5\sqrt[5]{x^3}}$
9	$f(x) = (5x - 2)^6$	$f'(x) = 6 \cdot (5x - 2)^5 \cdot (5x - 2)' = 6 \cdot (5x - 2)^5 \cdot 5 = 30 \cdot (5x - 2)^5$
10	$f(x) = \left(\sqrt{2}x + \frac{1}{2}\right)^2$	$f'(x) = 2 \cdot \left(\sqrt{2}x + \frac{1}{2}\right)^1 \cdot \left(\sqrt{2}x + \frac{1}{2}\right)' = 2 \left(\sqrt{2}x + \frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \sqrt{2} = 4x + \sqrt{2}$
11	$f(x) = x^2 \cdot (3x + 6)$	$f'(x) = (x^2)' \cdot (3x + 6) + x^2 \cdot (3x + 6)' = 2x(3x + 6) + x^2 \cdot 3 = 9x^2 + 12x$
12	$f(x) = \sqrt{e} \cdot (x + 6x^3)$	$f'(x) = (\sqrt{e})' \cdot (x + 6x^3) + \sqrt{e} \cdot (x + 6x^3)' = \sqrt{e} \cdot (1 + 6 \cdot 3x^2) = \sqrt{e} \cdot (1 + 18x^2)$
13	$f(x) = (3x + 4) \cdot (x + 6x^3)$	$f'(x) = (3x + 4)' \cdot (x + 6x^3) + (3x + 4) \cdot (x + 6x^3)' = 3 \cdot (x + 6x^3) + (3x + 4) \cdot (1 + 6 \cdot 3x^2) = 72x^3 + 72x^2 + 6x + 4$
14	$f(x) = \frac{x + 3}{2x - 1}$	$f'(x) = \frac{(x + 3)' \cdot (2x - 1) - (x + 3) \cdot (2x - 1)'}{(2x - 1)^2} = \frac{1 \cdot (2x - 1) - (x + 3) \cdot 2}{(2x - 1)^2} = \frac{-7}{(2x - 1)^2}$
15	$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$	$f'(x) = \frac{1' \cdot x - 1 \cdot x'}{x^2} = \frac{-1}{x^2} = -x^{-2}$
16	$f(x) = \frac{x}{5}$	$f'(x) = \frac{x' \cdot 5 - x \cdot 5'}{5^2} = \frac{5}{5^2} = \frac{1}{5}$
17	$f(x) = \frac{4}{x^4}$	$f'(x) = \frac{4' \cdot x^4 - 4 \cdot (x^4)'}{x^2} = \frac{-4 \cdot 4x^3}{(x^4)^2} = -\frac{16}{x^5}$
18	$f(x) = \frac{\pi}{(3x - e)}$	$f'(x) = \frac{\pi' \cdot (3x - e) - \pi \cdot (3x - e)'}{(3x - e)^2} = \frac{-\pi \cdot 3}{(3x - e)^2}$
19	$f(x) = \text{sen}x$	$f'(x) = \text{cos}x$
20	$f(x) = \text{sen}3x$	$f'(x) = \text{cos}3x \cdot (3x)' = 3\text{cos}3x$
21	$f(x) = \text{sen}(x + 3)$	$f'(x) = \text{cos}(x + 3) \cdot (x + 3)' = \text{cos}(x + 3)$
22	$f(x) = \text{sen}(x^2)$	$f'(x) = \text{cos}(x^2) \cdot (x^2)' = 2x\text{cos}(x^2)$